

# WebCampus Course Readiness Checklist

Faculty Member Name:	Course Launch Date:
Course Code and Title:	Teaching Mode (select one): Synch/Asynchronous

[Note: Please see the digital version of this file to access hyperlinked resources]

#### **Section 1: Course Expectations**

The overall design of the course is made clear to the learner at the beginning of the course. The course overview and introduction set the tone for the course, let the learners know what to expect, and provide guidance to ensure learners start off on the right foot.

Essential information provided on Home page (Home page must be used	Notes:
as landing page)	
Contact information	
Course number and title	
☐ Virtual office hour schedule	
Introductions	
Instructor self-introduction is posted (video preferred for synchronous	
courses but required for asynchronous courses)	
☐ Instructor has created a space where students can introduce themselves	
Syllabus criteria	
Stevens Online Course Syllabus template is used	
Syllabus is easy to find in the course site	
Course materials and required technology clearly listed (this includes all	
applicable textbooks, supplemental materials, software requirements, and	
equipment/hardware requirements)	
Expectations and policies are clearly explained for:	
⇒ Communication with peers	
Online communication guidelines	
Online participation expectations	
⇒ Communication with instructor	
☐ Where to ask questions	
Response time (ex. "will respond to emails within 24 hours")	
⇒ Assignment submission	
Late work policy	
Grading and evaluation criteria	
How to submit work (ex. file type, group work submissions, etc.)	

# Section 2: Learning Objectives

Learning objectives describe what learners will do upon completion of the course. The learning objectives establish a foundation upon which the rest of the course is based. Objectives must be included not only at the course-level but also by individual week, module, unit, or however you decide to organize your content. This is foundational to create a successful online course.

Course objectives are listed prominently on the course site <b>and</b> in the	Notes:
syllabus	
Module/weekly/unit objectives are listed clearly in the appropriate section	
of the course site	
Objectives are written in simple, student-friendly language (if using	
publisher content, ensure that those learning objectives are translated into	
student-friendly language)	
All objectives are measurable*	
* Note: To determine whether an objective is measurable, ask yourself "How will I know if students have achieved this?" If it seems that it would be difficult to quantify, it is not measurable. Avoid verbs such as "appreciate", "know", and "understand"	
Not Measurable: Understand the history, literature, and function of the theatre, including works from various periods and cultures.	
Measurable: Explain the theoretical bases of various dramatic genres and illustrate them with examples from plays of different eras.	

# Section 3: Accessibility, Navigability, Usability, and Student Privacy

Making your course accessible ensures that all learners, including those with diagnosed and undiagnosed disabilities, can access all course content and activities. Making your course usable ensures that all learners can easily navigate and interact with course components.

Accessibility	Notes:
☐ Images have descriptive alt-tags	
☐ Video and audio materials include captions and transcripts (Tip: use Zoom to	
record any media - captions and transcript will automatically be created).	
Links are descriptive of what they contain (i.e., not lengthy URLs, file names,	
or "click here")	
Headings are used to indicate sections	
Fonts and styles are consistently used throughout the site	
PDFs feature searchable text, rather than images only	
Navigability and Usability	
Course navigation is consistent and easy to use	
Only relevant tools (those that students will need to access) are visible to	
students in Canvas navigation (irrelevant tools are hidden from student	
view)	
Language is used consistently throughout the Canvas shell and materials (for	
example, avoid using the word "Homework" in the syllabus and	
"Assignments" in the Canvas shell to speak about the same group of tasks)	
All content is organized in a way that decreases time students' use in finding	
their place, resources, tasks (example: housed within the Modules view and	
chunked by module/week/unit)	
Student Privacy	
Students' educational records/privacy rights are protected (e.g. no personal information is used in public posting of student grades; etc.)	
information is used in public posting of student grades; etc.)	
Drafarrad but not required	
Preferred but not required  Files have been run through accessibility checkers and any necessary edits	
have been made	
Canvas shell has been run through UDOIT and any necessary edits have been	
made	

# Section 4: Instructional Materials & Learning Objectives

Learning activities and instructional materials should help learners to achieve stated learning objectives. Activities should also facilitate and support learner interaction and engagement. Course components that promote active learning (including *learner-content interaction, learner-instructor interaction, and learner-learner interaction*) contribute to the learning process and to the learner persistence.

Instructional materials (e.g., readings, videos, slideshows, lectures, etc.)	Notes:
Support stated learning objectives (course and module/weekly objectives)	
and learning activities	
Are up-to-date and appropriate for the course level	
Are varied and balanced (not relying heavily on one type of material, e.g.,	
PDF readings)	
All web links and embedded media elements included in content	
presentations are functional	
All slideshows use approved template and include an updated <u>Stevens</u>	
copyright notice	
If applicable	
Course materials contain statements clarifying ownership and usage rights	
(e.g., "used with permission"; "falls within Fair Use guidelines";	
"used under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 license";	
etc.)	

# Section 5: Learning Assessments

Assessments are integral to the learning process and are designed to evaluate learner progress in achieving the stated learning objectives. Assessment should also allow learners to track their learning progress throughout the course (e.g., students should receive grades throughout the semester, rather than only at the end).

Assessments of Learning	Notes:
Allow students to demonstrate that they have met the learning objectives	
Include a mix of types and formats (i.e., not exclusively multiple-choice quizzes	
or only exams)	
☐ Include a mix of low- and high-stakes items	
Details of each assessment are explained in the instructions, and verified in the	
tool settings including a) open and close dates, b) allotted time to complete, c)	
retakes if applicable	
Opportunities exist for students to incorporate instructor feedback and	
resubmit for review for major projects/high-stakes assessments (i.e., scaffolded	
assignments)	
Evaluation/Grading criteria provided for major assignments/projects when	
initially assigned*	
Grading and feedback	
Point values and weights for each assessment clearly noted	
Gradebook setup includes categories and weights as appropriate	
Students are able to assess their progress throughout the course (i.e., self-	
check/practice quizzes, self-evaluations, peer review, can track grades through	
gradebook)	
*Preferred but not required	
Rubrics provided for major assignments/projects when initially assigned	

#### Section 6: Student and Instructor Engagement (Mode Specific)

Engagement with students in an online course positively correlates with student satisfaction and success. Instructors can create a "sense of presence" in both synchronous and asynchronous online courses although the methods to do so will vary. Ensuring multiple means of engagement (between you and the student as well as between the students themselves) is critical to the success of an online course.

Section 6.1 Synchronous Online Courses	Notes:
<ul> <li>☐ Instructor has included varied communication channels with which to contact and interact with students. These may include but are not limited to: Zoom (video conferencing, whiteboarding, polling), Discussions, Chat, and Poll Everywhere</li> <li>☐ Course tools are chosen to promote engagement and active learning</li> <li>☐ Instructor has included activities to remain engaged with the course on weekly basis by continuously guiding student learning, providing feedback, creating reminders, reinforcing concepts students have noticeably struggled with, etc. between class sessions</li> </ul>	
Preferred but not required  Live class sessions include activities designed to promote engagement  (example: include collaborative, dynamic, or paired tasks throughout the time rather than straight lecturing)	
Note: There are hundreds of free, online tools that can be used to promote	
active learning, interaction, and engagement. However, if you choose to use a	
tool that is not offered and supported by Stevens IT, be prepared to support	
students in the use of the chosen web-based tools.	

Section 6.2. Asynchronous Online Courses	Notes:
Instructor has created a communication plan to follow with students which	
involves at least one method of outreach every week that does not include	
office hours (examples: Discussions, Chat, Q&A channel, weekly intro/recap	
videos)	
Instructor remains engaged with the course on weekly basis by continuously	
guiding student learning, providing feedback, creating reminders, reinforcing	
concepts students have noticeably struggled with, etc.	
☐ Instructor varies communication method to include video, audio, and text	
input.	
Asynchronous activities have been designed to promote engagement and	
active learning	
Participation in activities allows for video, audio, and text input	
Course resources are varied and are not solely text-based	
Preferred but not required	
Provide opportunities for optional synchronous (live) online meetings	
outside of classroom time.	
Instructor has personalized course by adding elements (e.g., icebreakers,	
images, media, optional discussion topics) that speak to their personality and	
interests in order to promote a sense of community	
Note: There are hundreds of free, online tools that can be used to promote	
active learning, interaction, and engagement. However, if you choose to use a	
tool that is not offered and supported by Stevens IT, be prepared to support	
students in the use of the chosen web-based tools.	

# Section 7: Technology Tools

Course technologies support learners' achievement of course objectives or competencies. The technologies enabling the various course components facilitate rather than impede the learning process.

Instructions for student use are provided for all required course tools,	Notes:
including how to access, where to view feedback, and assignment specific	
instructions	
If applicable	
If using technology that is not institutionally supported, Voluntary Product	
Accessibility Templates (VPATs) and Accessibility statements for each	
technology that students are being asked to use must be added to syllabus	
and prominent place in Canvas shell. These can easily found by Googling the	
product name and either "VPAT" or "accessibility statement". Ex. Kaltura	
VPAT and Zoom Accessibility Statement	
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#### Scoring

- Synchronous: 45 base points + 3 mode-specific points = 48 points possible (4 bonus points available)
- Asynchronous: 45 base points + 6 mode-specific points = 51 points possible (5 bonus points available)

Minimum passing score = 90%

#### **Review Score**

First Review (insert date): Second Review (insert date): Third Review (insert date):

**Additional comments:**